

**Plays**  
**ing Will**  
**Displays**  
**g Stores**  
**GE'S DRUG**  
**STORE**  
**H AVENUE WEST**  
**mer Cedar**  
**and Sundries.**  
**S PHARMACY**  
**OTOMA DRIVE**  
**and Sundries.**  
**NO DRUG CO.**  
**WALL STREET**  
**and Sundries.**  
**NEWALL**  
**Druggist.**  
**GRANVILLE AND**  
**ON STREETS.**  
**DRUG STORE**  
**BURRARD AND**  
**ER STREETS.**  
**mour 1034-7757 O.**  
**ur Windows.**  
**OVE**  
**Druggist**  
**BSON STREET**  
**Seymour 7894.**  
**ery, Toilet Articles**  
**Confectionery.**  
**DRUG STORE**  
**HILLANDERS**  
**A STREET WEST**  
**ARROW**  
**ARMACY**  
**ER ST. AND CAMP-**  
**ALL AVE.**  
**Highland 338**  
**ton, Proprietor.**  
**nd Chemicals, Pres-**  
**Specialists.**  
**UG COMPANY**  
**IMITED**  
**VILLE STREET**  
**British Lines.**  
**ALE DRUG CO.**  
**. Weberg.**  
**and Sundries.**  
**NOWLTON**  
**g Store**  
**ING STREET EAST**  
**Cure—Made at**  
**ok. Everywhere**  
**Co. Cod Liver Oil.**  
**ewelers**  
**Phone 4059**  
**H. BIGGER**  
**IMITED**  
**Jeweller, Watch-**  
**and Optician.**  
**NGS ST. WEST.**  
**1847 Silverware**  
**ham Watches.**  
**R WINDOWS**  
**the best advantage is**  
**id.**  
**aid some Americans**  
**people of their same**  
**ge, and apparently of**  
**dependent spirit, were**  
**main in what they**  
**osition of political in-**  
**pendency.**  
**arises, I think, out of**  
**our relationship to**  
**own," he said. "You**  
**aps, say that the peo-**  
**an Englishman or**  
**less free and inde-**  
**ar own, but our posi-**  
**ion is different. On the**  
**okize no inferiority**  
**in our political posi-**  
**the Englishman or the**  
**hat little check the**  
**ship places upon us**  
**more than offset by**  
**in the glorious his-**  
**ions of the mother**  
**attended meeting of**  
**of Edinburgh and**  
**ant held last Tues-**  
**the Labor Temple, it**  
**decided to form an**  
**called the "Edin-**  
**othian Association."**  
**W. Robertson presi-**  
**tee was also appoint-**  
**the constitution and**  
**be submitted at a**  
**held in the Labor**  
**day evening, October**  
**residents are cordially**  
**Society will com-**  
**programme of whist**  
**in the O'Brien Hall**  
**They will be repeat-**  
**the Thursday until the**  
**These social events of**  
**ociety have been very**  
**the past three seasons.**

**THE PROVINCE**

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1914.

**INSPECTOR HOPKINSON.**

The assassination of Inspector Hopkinson by a Hindu is unfortunately one of the prices a man has to pay sometimes for doing his duty. Inspector Hopkinson was known to a great many citizens and he was liked by all. There were very few Hindus here whom he has not befriended in one form or another and his work at the immigration department was of immense value to the whole community. He was absolutely fearless and although he knew his life had been threatened again and again by some of the men who seemed him an enemy he went on doing his work without taking any special precautions. He knew the men he was dealing with and took his chances as so many of our police officials have to. He could not have done his work if he had been afraid of the men with whom he had to deal and had taken any special precautions against them. He had served the British Government in India as a member of the police department in Calcutta and his work here was much appreciated by the authorities. His loss will be keenly felt and it will be extremely difficult for the government to replace him.

As The Province pointed out at the time of the shooting affray in the Hindu Temple the ordinary procedure of our courts is not understood or respected by the Hindus. They have no conception of the value of an oath as administered in our courts, but if sworn under their own sacred oaths might tell the truth. Mr. Hopkinson knew these men and knew they were lying. He had a very shrewd perception of all the undercurrents governing their lives and he knew the men who were conspiring against the British Government in India. But to convict them of conspiracy was another matter altogether. Political conspiracy of such a kind is not only difficult to prove but extremely hard to eradicate. It was to this conspiracy that Inspector Hopkinson fell a victim.

But because he fell a victim to a conspiracy of which he was well aware, it is no good branding the whole of the Hindu community here as assassins. There is a small number of men on this coast carrying on a revolutionary political propaganda. Perhaps they are not known to the rest of the Hindu community and move backwards and forwards endeavoring to enlist recruits in their cause. There are others who are known to all their comrades as men who are discontented and willing to listen to these emissaries. Others, again, are absolutely loyal. The latter have naturally incurred the enmity of the disloyal. It is exactly the same in all communities. These Hindu agitators and political revolutionaries are dangerous only to the men who take an active part against them. They had marked down Inspector Hopkinson because he was loyal and did his duty.

It is easy of course to jump to conclusions and feel strongly on this subject. The very fact that Inspector Hopkinson was such an excellent official and a good friend to so many of the Hindus rouses indignation to boiling point against his assassin. One man appears to have done the actual deed, but under the circumstances it looks distinctly as if more than one had plotted it. Let it be admitted that a dozen men are mixed up in the affair. Even so the whole community must not be condemned. In fact it is quite probable that even if we had not adequate machinery to deal with the conspirators the Hindus who were friends of Inspector Hopkinson would wipe out many more than those immediately connected with the murder.

It must, however, be obvious to the least intelligent of the Hindu community that we will not allow these methods here, and that murder as part of a political propaganda will not help their cause in the very least. They can not terrorize the authorities and it would be of considerable value to the cause some of their brethren so ardently espouse if they showed themselves capable of enforcing order among themselves. Murder, whether it is the murder of their own countrymen or the murder of our officials, will be met with condign punishment. If the Hindu community would take steps of its own accord to eliminate the danger that has sprung up amongst them it would go far to eliminate the prejudice against them among white communities. To this extent the whole Hindu community is to blame. It will not appear to do anything towards getting rid of the poisonous fungi which has its root in India and which spreads its tentacles everywhere the Hindus go. The assassination of Inspector Hopkinson may be the work of only one or two men, but the ramifications of this underground conspiracy against the British Government in India is known to many. The Hindus themselves must take steps to eradicate this evil lest their whole community be branded with the blood which has already been split here since the Komagata Maru entered this port. No one desires to take drastic measures against a fine race of men who may be seeking their fortunes in a strange land. No one in this Empire of ours does not appreciate the intense loyalty and devotion to that Empire of the great majority of the Indian people which has been so signally demonstrated recently. But no one is going to allow a small minority of political conspirators to carry on their plots and assassinate those who stand in their way just because they take shelter behind the virtues of others. The Hindu community must understand that if

they as a whole will not be responsible for their own agitators the end will be that they will all be condemned and punished.

**THE BACKBONE OF THE ARMY.**

The non-commissioned officers of the British army have often been called its backbone. In the case of the petty officers of the navy the same thing might be said. There are many of these men out here who directly the war broke out offered their services to the government. Some enlisted here and undertook a good deal of work at a time when their services were most useful. These, in common with the rest, were demobilized and thrown back on their own resources, which in many cases was extremely hard on them as they had left jobs to serve the country. Most of these men are now anxious to obey Lord Kitchener's call for non-commissioned officers and make themselves useful to the authorities-training men. In some cases they are unable to return to Great Britain because they have been sworn in here and in the case of the naval men have signed on for three years. They can not now get their discharge and are wasting their time and all the training they have had because the authorities apparently can not make use of them. Something seems radically wrong when such men are allowed to stand idle while Lord Kitchener is calling for their services in training others to do the work of the Empire. If they can not be used here in the best manner possible, that is in training others, they should be sent to headquarters, where they will at once find all the work they want right at their hand. In order to try and get the matter settled it would be as well if all non-commissioned officers who are qualified instructors would communicate with Mr. Gilbert Hall of the Customs House of this city.

**THE JEWS IN RUSSIA.**

Among the many reports of the fighting proceeding on the eastern battle front there was one which stated that the Jews among the Polish population between Warsaw and the Prussian frontier had materially assisted the Germans by lighting fires and showing them where the Russian batteries and positions were. Naturally these reports have raised a good deal of anger among the Jews all the world over, for if there is one thing that the Jews pride themselves upon more than another it is their loyalty to the land in which they live. There are, of course black sheep among the Jews as there are among other nationalities, but taking the Jewish race as a whole there is no more patriotic people in this world.

It would perhaps be natural if under the circumstances the Jews in Russia had revolted against the race which has oppressed them for so long, and helped the enemy. But there are over 400,000 Jews serving in the Russian army, and the Czar has no more loyal subjects. In a sudden burst of sanity and enlightenment, the Czar, when the war broke out, gave all Jews in the Empire of Russia ordinary civil liberties and rights, and what this has meant to this race can only be imagined by those who know something of the conditions which have hitherto prevailed in Russia. What with pogroms and "Black Hundreds" massacres and rapine, confinement in the ghettos of cities, and other methods of a like nature, it is wonderful that there are any members of the Jewish race left in Russia. It is hoped now that these days are for ever past, and that in the European convulsion will perish all that which has destroyed so much in the past. There has come the dawn of real enlightenment and liberty in Russia, not so much among the people, for there is hardly a race in the world more docile and easily taught than the Russians, but among the bureaucrats, who have for so long throttled all civilization and education in their country. The Russian people will owe much of their emancipation to the Jews.

It's a long way to gay Paree, it's a long way to go.

The news from Ghent to Aix is now carried by aeroplanes.

The Germans did not get to Ostend in time for the bathing season.

K. of K. has advised the British troops to beware of the maid in Germany.

"Sally from Antwerp," mentioned in despatches is no relation to Nancy on the Moselle.

More and lest ye become myopic. There are few things worse than a distorted vision.

Andrew Carnegie is beginning to think that the Peace Palace was an unprofitable investment.

The Germans on their march to Paris heeded the signs posted to warn automobilists: "Ralentir."

It may be immaterial but it is just as well to bear in mind that Mewa Singh is not a Hindu. He is a Sikh.

Humanity is world wide. When the Kaiser wars on humanity he need not feel peeved if he meets with world-wide condemnation.

Twenty thousand French priests are now fighting in the French army. "Trust in God but keep your powder dry" is probably their battle cry.

People who voluntarily enlist for war fare have no right to grumble about the menu; War fare does not necessarily mean a six course meal.

A Pittsburg man has been arrested for biting his wife. During courtship she was probably not offended when

he told her that she was good enough to eat.

The Kaiser says that Uncle Sam is an ingrate for not declaring war on Japan and contemplates issuing an ultimatum to the United States breweries to close up.

North British mill owners are advertising that they are prepared to supply yarns to replace those hitherto imported from Germany. Get busy Mr. Censor, get busy.

Well, anyway the Kaiser can take some satisfaction out of contemplating that there is a place provided for him and that his innocent victims will not be there to annoy him.

The members of the Vancouver social club who were made to shell out at the point of a revolver, night before last will be able to sympathize with Burgomaster Max of Brussels.

Col. Roosevelt says that the crime of those who make treaties looking to peace is greater than that of those who violate them. Taft's views on this ebullition of Teddy would be interesting.

The Catholic Tribune states that 500,000 man-eaters of the South Sea Islands (Oceania) are clamoring for Catholic missionaries. The Biblical injunction: "Feed my lambs" does not seem to apply in this case.

Mrs. Pankhurst denies that the Kaiser belongs to her league even if he is an adept at destroying cathedrals and historic paintings. Pank should not be jealous of the Kaiser's success along that line. He had better equip himself for the purpose.

The German-Canadian Alliance of Saskatchewan has sent a petition to Premier Borden asking him to restrict the English press from making derogatory remarks about the Kaiser and his army. It would be hard to keep silent about them altogether.

**SEE GREAT CONFLICT THROUGH TO BITTER END**

Liverpool Rotary Club Endorses Open Letter to International Association.

In an open letter to the International Association of Rotary Clubs by Gilbert Y. Tickle, J. P., of the Liverpool Rotary Club and British representative on the international rotary committee on inter-city trade relations, a letter which was recently endorsed by the Liverpool club, the writer thus in part replies to the rotary manifesto "Let There Be Peace," issued on September 12:

The predominant note of this really beautiful appeal is that if America was to make her voice sufficiently clear, she has influence enough to secure an immediate cessation of strife and the laying down of arms. To us in Great Britain, struggling as we are for our national honor, nay, for our very existence as a nation, the questions at once arise, would this cessation of strife really mean peace to us? and secondly, is America strong enough to guarantee to us that this peace, even if secured, would be properly and lasting maintained? To both of these questions we feel constrained to offer a respectful but emphatically negative as a reply.

In Europe today, the Allied nations realize that to make peace with the invaders of Belgium or to arbitrate with the vanguard debauchees of Louvain and Rheims, until their power for evil is destroyed, would be an outrage against the common humanity of the world. The Allies believe, in the midst of this terrible war with all its unreckonable horrors, that there is one thing which is even worse than war—a dishonorable or cowardly peace.

"This is no ordinary war. We did not provoke it, nor did we seek to participate in it. As is clearly made manifest in the accompanying British blue book, up to the very last moment and far beyond the extreme limit of the code of national honor, our statesmen sought to maintain peace. It was only when our strenuous efforts for peace brought the dastardly proposal from Germany, that for our national advantage we should stand aside, bottle up our fleet, ignore our treaties, and see our Allies trampled in the dust, nay, it was only when our treaty with Belgium, that "scrap of paper" was torn up and flung in our face, that the die was cast. We did not want to fight, but since we have had to fight, we are going to see the matter through to the bitter end."

**"BOB" M'GLINN IS DEAD**

Well-known Newspaperman Believed Victim of Foul Play.

San Francisco Oct. 22.—Foul play is believed by the police to be responsible for the death of Robert E. McGlinn, a newspaperman well known on the Pacific Coast whose body was found yesterday in San Francisco Bay. Physicians said death had occurred several days ago.

McGlinn took much outdoor exercise, chiefly tennis and walking, and the extensive waterfront was one of his itineraries. It is feared he was attacked in one of his strolls. His

**NORTHERN CROWN BANK**

HEAD OFFICE - WINNIPEG  
 Capital (authorized) \$6,000,000 Capital (paid up) \$2,860,000

DIRECTORS  
 President - Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.  
 Vice-president - Capt. Wm. Robinson  
 Jas. H. Ashdown A. McTavish Campbell W. J. Christie  
 Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G. H. T. Champion John Stovel  
 General Manager - Robt. Campbell

Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all Countries bought and sold.  
 Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders sold.  
 Collections made in all parts of Canada and in foreign countries.  
 Branches distributed throughout all Canada.  
 J. P. ROBERTS, Manager - Vancouver Branch

**The Rexall To T**

THE Rexall Stores of Canadian Patriotic Fund Fifth merchandise manufacturer December 31st.

This action of the Rexall undertaken co-operatively individually, and it has been a humane duty in raising Canadian Patriotic Organ endeavor to keep a large Figuring on the basis of several thousand dollars The 400 Rexall Stores of sympathy and support in increasing the funds of the and for the support of C The fund that would be

MOREOVER, Rexall goods of the ingredients entered the company and the devoted to the humane work

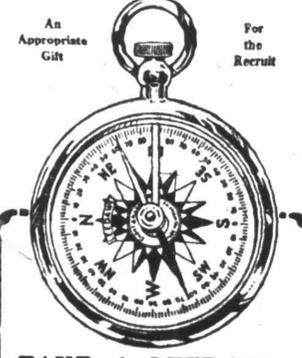
Why not, therefore, decide the months of October, by favoring Rexall Stores hundred different Rexall will give you equal or better products of foreign manufacture Cold Creams, Toilet Creams, Toilet Waters, Hot There's a full list of Rexall Store in your town

Rexall Goods  
 W. M.  
 Robson and Granville  
 19 Hastings West  
 Phones Seymour 6184-6

**UNITED**

newspaper service included work in Seattle, San Francisco and Los Angeles, and embraced many responsible positions. He recently withdrew from newspaper work to accept a position with a local civic organization.

He was a graduate of the University of Washington and a member of Phi Delta Theta fraternity. Relatives in Bellingham and La Conner have been notified.



**TAKE A LEEDAWL COMPASS TO THE FRONT !!**

The Leedawl is world famous for accuracy; jewelled needle; silver metal dial—white metal non-tarnishing case. The only guaranteed jewelled compass at its price.

**\$1.25**

Buy one to-day of your leading dealer. If he cannot supply or will not order for you, remit \$1.25 with dealers name and we will send you one and guarantee satisfaction. Illustration is exact size.

Taylor Instrument Companies  
 Carlaw Building, Toronto  
 Largest Manufacturers in the World of Scientific Instruments.